MANCHESTER INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS UNLIMITED CORPORATION

Canlubang Industrial Estate, Bo. Pittland 4025 Cabuyao, Laguna

November 14, 2012

MS. JANET A. ENCARNACION
Head, Disclosure Department
PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE, INC.
Philippine Stock Exchange Centre, Exchange Road
Ortigas Center, Pasig City, Metro Manila

Dear Ms. Encarnacion:

Please find attached Manchester International Holdings Unlimited Corporation's (formerly Interphil Laboratories, Inc.) SEC 17Q for the third quarter of 2012.

Thank you.

Very truly yours,

CAROLINE O. VILLASERAN

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COVER SHEET

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SEC Number <u>58648</u>	
File Number	

MANCHESTER INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS UNLIMITED CORP. (formerly INTERPHIL LABORATORIES, INC.)

(Company's Full Name)

CANLUBANG INDUSTRIAL ESTATE, BO. PITTLAND 4025 CABUYAO, LAGUNA

(Company's Address)

(049) 549-23-45 to 49, 549-30-96 to 98

(Telephone Number)

DECEMBER 31

(Fiscal Year Ending) (month & day)

FORM 17-Q

Form Type

Amendment Designation (if applicable)

September 30, 2012

Period Ended Date

(Secondary License Type and File Number

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM 17-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE AND SRC RULE 17(2)(b) THEREUNDER

1.	For the quarterly period ended <u>September 30, 2012</u>
2.	SEC Identification Number 58648 3. BIR Tax Identification No. 000-410-840-000
4.	Manchester International Holdings Unlimited Corp (formerly Interphil Laboratories, Inc.) Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter
	Philippines 6. (SEC Use Only) Province, Country or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization
7.	Canlubang Industrial Estate, Bo. PittlandCabuyao, Laguna4025Address of issuer's principal officePostal Code
8.	(049) 549-23-45 to 49, 549-30-96 to 98 Issuer's telephone number, including area code
9.	Former name, former address, and former fiscal year, if changed since last report.
10.	Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the Code, or Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA
	Number of Shares of Common Stock Title and Amount of Debt Outstanding of Each Class As of September 30, 2012 Treasury Shares Outstanding Common Stock
Co	mmon Class A 337,500,000 64,803,449 272,696,551 mmon Class B 225,000,000 85,631,955 139,368,045 TAL 562,500,000 150,435,404 412,064,596
11.	Are any or all of these securities listed on a Stock Exchange?
	Yes [X] No []
	If yes, state the name of such Stock Exchange and the class/es of the securities listed therein: Philippine Stock Exchange Common (Class "A" and "B")
12.	Indicate by check mark whether the registrant:
(a)	has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 17 of the Code and SRC Rule 17 thereunder or Sections 11 of the RSA and RSA Rule 11(a)-1 thereunder and Sections 26 and 141 of the Corporation Code of the Philippines, during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports);
	Yes [X] No []

(b) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes [X] No []

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Consolidated Financial Statements.

The consolidated financial statements and schedule of aging of accounts receivable are filed as part of this Form 17-Q (pages 18 to 25).

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

CONSOLIDATED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

SUMMARY

The discussions below are based on the consolidated results of the Company and its subsidiaries.

Total company results of operation for the first nine months of Ps 12.9M are way below the same period last year of Ps 84.4M despite the volume increase in the toll manufacturing business. Revenues and margins generated from the higher volume dropped sharply because of the shortfall in revenues from the brand marketing business of the operating company (toll manufacturing) and unfavorable product mix.

CONSOLIDATED INCOME FROM SALES AND SERVICES

Consolidated gross revenues increased by \triangleright 51.6M or 4% as compared to the same period of last year. The increase is mainly due to increase in clients' volume due to pull-ins of orders for the manufacturing segment.

Consolidated income before tax for the Company showed a steep decline by P 102.1M or 85% versus same period of last year due to the unrealized margins from the brand marketing business, lower margins from the toll manufacturing business and necessary expenses for advertising and promotion of the owned products of the operating/manufacturing company.

CONSOLIDATED COSTS AND EXPENSES

Total consolidated costs and operating expenses registered an increase which is much higher than the increase in revenue. The increase of Ps 87.5M as compared to last year of the same period is due to repairs and maintenance expenses for cGMP and to maintain TGA certification for the manufacturing plant, utilities due to spiraling power and fuel rates and cost of materials..

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

There were some significant changes in the Consolidated Balance Sheet as of September 30, 2012 versus December 31, 2011.

Cash and cash equivalents decreased by P 59.6M or 16% versus last year which is a result of lower income from operations and higher spends.

Trade and other receivables registered an increase of P 38.9M versus last year due to increased sales during quarter month end.

Inventories increased by P 96.9M or 51% as compared to last year as a result of higher raw and packaging materials purchases of the manufacturing segment.

Advances to suppliers and other current assets showed an increase of P 24.2M due to higher advances on imported materials and related import and shipping charges.

Property, plant and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased to \triangleright 381.5M due to the monthly depreciation charges and lower capital expenditures.

Other noncurrent asset increased by P 18.8M as compared to last year due to higher creditable taxes which represents deductions made by clients from billings from services rendered.

Trade and other payables increased by ho 62.7M as compared against last year due to higher purchases of raw and packaging materials.

Net Output tax registered a decrease as compared to last year due to higher input tax.

PFRS 9 Disclosure

After consideration of the result of its impact evaluation, the Company has decided not to early adopt either PFRS 9 (2009) or PFRS 9 (2010) for its 2012 financial reporting, and therefore, the consolidated interim financial statements do not reflect the impact of the said standard.

Discussion and Analysis of material event/s and uncertainties known to management that would have address the past and would have an impact on future operations of the following as of September 30, 2012:

- a) There are no known trends, events, or uncertainties that will have material impact on the Company's future liquidity.
- b) There are no known events that will trigger direct or indirect contingent financial obligation that is material to the Company, including any default or acceleration of an obligation.
- c) There are no material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relationships of the Company with unconsolidated entities or other persons created during the reporting period.
- d) There are no material commitments for capital expenditures that occurred during the reporting period.
- e) There are no known trends, events, or uncertainties that are expected to have material impact on sales/revenues/income from continuing operations that occurred during the reporting period.
- f) There are no significant elements of income or loss that did not arise from the Company's continuing operations that occurred during the reporting period.
- g) There are no seasonal aspects that had a material effect on the financial condition or results of operations.

CAUSES FOR ANY MATERIAL CHANGES FROM PERIOD TO PERIOD OF FS WHICH SHALL INCLUDE VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL ANALYSES OF ANY MATERIAL ITEM (5%)

MANCHESTER INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS UNLIMITED CORP (formerly INTERPHIL LABORATORIES, INC.) CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 and DECEMBER 31, 2011 (in Millions of Pesos)

	SEPTEMBER	DECEMBER	VERT ANAL		HORIZONTAL ANALYSIS	Causes of Material Changes
	2012	2011	% to 7		% of Change in Prior Year	(With 5% as a Threshold)
ASSETS	UNAUDITED	AUDITED	Sep-12	2011	Sep-12	
Current assets						-
Cash & Cash Equivalents	321.5	381.1	21%	27%	-16%	Decreased due to lower income from operations & higher spends
Trade and other receivables-net	320.7	281.8	21%	20%	14%	Increased due to highers sales during the quarter month end
Inventories - net	287.4	190.4	19%	13%	51%	Ingranged due to high and to
Advances to suppliers and other current assets	57.1	32.9	4%	2%	74%	Increased due to higher advances
Total current assets	986.7	886.2	65%	62%	11%	
Noncurrent assets				-		•
Property, plant and equipment at cost-net	381.5	418.5	25%	29%	-9%	Decreased due to lower CAPEX and the monthly depreciation charges
Land at revalued amount	112.2	112.2	7%	8%	0%	
Retirement benefit asset	4.5	4.5	0%	0%		Increased due to creditable
Other Noncurrent assets	33.9	15.0	2%	1%	125%	withholding taxes which represents deductions made by clients from billings from services rendered
Total noncurrent assets	532.1	550.2	35%	38%	-3%	out troyo folidorod
Total assets	1,518.9	1,436.5	100%	100%	6%	

MANCHESTER INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS UNLIMITED CORP (formerly INTERPHIL LABORATORIES, INC.) CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 and DECEMBER 31, 2011 (in Millions of Pesos)

	SEPTEMBER 1	DECEMBER	VERTI	CAL	HORIZONTAL	Causes of Material
	SEI TEMIDER	DECEMBER	ANAL	YSIS	ANALYSIS	Changes
	2012	2011	% to T Asse		% of Change in Prior Year	(With 5% as a Threshold)
	UNAUDITED	AUDITED	Sep-12	2011	Sep-12	
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			············			•
Current liabilities						
						Increased due to higher
Trade and other payables	369.0	306.3	24%	21%	20%	purchases of raw & packaging materials
Output tax	21.4	21.8	1%	2%	-2%	
Total current liabilities	390.4			23%	19%	•
			·			•
Noncurrent liabilities						
Deferred income tax	9.6	9.6	1%	1%	0%	
Long-term sick leave benefit liability	42.3	35.0	3%	2%	21%	Increased due to higher accrual of retirement pay
Total noncurrent liabilities	51.9	44.6	3%	3%	16%	- -
POLITY						
EQUITY Capital stock	562.5	562.5	37%	39%	0%	
Additional paid-in capital	51.6			-		
Revaluation increment in land	60.6			4%		
Retained earnings	690.4			47%		
Cost of treasury shares held	(288.5)					
Total equity	1,076.6			74%		_
1 otal equity	-,~,0.0					-
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	y 1,518.9	1,436.5	100%	100%	6%	2

MANCHESTER INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS UNLIMITED CORP (formerly INTERPHIL LABORATORIES, INC.)
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 and 2011 (in Pesos 000s)

	SEPTEMBER	SEPTEMBER	VERT. ANAL		HORIZONTAL ANALYSIS	Causes of Material Changes
	2012	2011	% : Rever		% of Change in Prior Year	(With 5% as a Threshold)
	UNAUDITED	UNAUDITED	2012	2011	2012	
REVENUES	509.92	480.26	100%	100%	6%	Increased due to higher clients' volume
COST OF SALES AND SERVICES	409.98	388.03	80%	81%	6%	Increased due to higher R & M and utilities expense
GROSS PROFIT	99.9	92.24	20%	19%	8%	
Operating Expenses	43.31	41.67	8%	9%	4%	
Interest income	(1.08)	(1.57)	0%	0%	-3 %	Decreased due to lower income on short term investments
FX (gain)/loss	3.46	(0.87)	1%	0%	-497%	The loss was due on foreign exchange differential
Other expenses	34.24	3.64	7%	1%	841%	Increased due to advertising expenses
INCOME/(LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX	20.01	49.37	4%	10%	-59%	Decreased due to lower margins & higher advertising expenses
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAX	5.63	14.78	1%	3%	-62%	Decreased due to lower income
NET INCOME	14.38	34.59	3%	7%	-58%	Decreased due to lower margins & higher advertising expenses
Basic Earnings per share(P)*	0.035	0.084	0%	0%	-58%	Decreased due to lower margins & higher advertising expenses

^{*} Net Income over the weighted number or shares outstanding

MANCHESTER INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS UNLIMITED CORP (formerly INTERPHIL LABORATORIES, INC.)
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 and 2011 (in Millions of Pesos)

	SEPTEMBER	SEPTEMBER	VERTICAL ANALYSIS		HORIZONTAL ANALYSIS	Causes of Material Changes
	2012	2011	% t Rever	iues	% of Change in Prior Year	(With 5% as a Threshold)
	UNAUDITED	UNAUDITED	2012	2011	2012	
REVENUES	509.92	480.26	100%	100%	6%	Increased due to higher clients' volume
COST OF SALES AND SERVICES	409.98	388.03	80%	81%	6%	Increased due to higher R & M and utilities expense
GROSS PROFIT	99.9	92.24	20%	19%	8%	
Operating Expenses	43.31	41.67	8%	9%	4%	
Interest income	(1.08)	(1.57)	0%	0%	-31%	Decreased due to lower income on short term investments
FX (gain)/loss	3.46	(0.87)	1%	0%	-497%	The loss was due on foreign exchange differential
Other expenses	34.24	3.64	7%	1%	841%	Increased due to advertising expenses
INCOME/(LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX	20.01	49.37	4%	10%	-59%	Decreased due to lower margins & higher advertising expenses
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Basic Earnings per share(P)*	0.035	0.084	0%	0%	-58%	Decreased due to lower margins & higher advertising expenses

^{*} Net Income over the weighted number or shares outstanding

PROJECTIONS

To continue and keep the target business growth, Manchester plans to concentrate on its undertaking in manufacturing and property development.

The Company anticipates that orders of clients of Interphil will decrease during the fourth quarter of the year due to the regular plant shutdown at the end of the year to give way to the annual plant maintenance and numerous holidays.

SUBSIDIARIES AND AFFILIATES

INTERPHIL LABORATORIES, INC. (formerly FIRST PHARMA INDUSTRIES PHIL, INC.)

For the first three quarters of 2012, Interphil registered total revenues of P 1.4B, an increase of 4% from P 1.3B for the same period in 2011 and is volume driven.

Interphil registered a net income after tax of P 12.9M for the first three quarters of 2012 compared to the net income of P 84.4M posted in the same period last year as a result of the shortfall in brand marketing revenues and higher advertising expenses.

LANCASHIRE REALTY HOLDING CORP.

The Company's revenues of Ps 4.5M for the first three quarters of 2012 is from land rental.

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Company's principal financial instruments comprise cash and cash equivalents. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to finance the Company's operations. The Company has various other financial assets and liabilities such as trade and other receivables, deposits, available-for-sale financial asset and trade and other payables which arise directly from its operations.

The main risks arising from the Company's financial instruments are credit risk, liquidity risk, and foreign exchange risk. The Company's overall risk management program seeks to minimize these risks on the Company's financial performance.

Risk management is carried out by the Company's Finance Department under policies approved by the BOD. The Company's Finance Department identifies and evaluates financial risks in coordination with the Company's operating units. The BOD approves formal policies for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas, such as credit risk, liquidity risk, and foreign exchange risk.

Credit Risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company.

The Company manages credit risk by following strict credit policies and procedures in granting of credit to customers and monitoring of schedule of aged receivables.

The Company trades only with recognized, creditworthy third parties. It is the policy of the Company that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subjected to credit verification procedures. Receivables from customers are usually settled after approved credit terms. Trade and other receivables are monitored on an on-going basis with the result that the exposure of the Company to bad debts is not significant. The Company does not offer credit terms to third parties, without the specific approval of management.

With respect to credit risk from other financial assets of the Company, which mainly composed of cash and cash equivalents, and receivables from related parties, the exposure of the Company to credit risk arises from the default of the counterparty, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amount of these instruments.

There is no significant concentration of credit risk in the Company.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the potential of not meeting obligations as they become due because of an inability to liquidate assets or obtain adequate funding or is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its obligations associated with financial difficulties.

The objective of the Company is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of credit lines available from local banks. The Company seeks to manage its liquid funds through cash planning on a monthly basis. The Company uses historical data and forecasts from its collection and disbursement. The Company also places funds in the money market which are exceeding the Company's requirements. Placements are strictly made based on cash planning assumptions and covers only a short period of time.

Foreign Exchange Risks

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates.

The Company has transactional currency exposures arising from sales or purchases in foreign currencies. Foreign exchange risks are considered minimal. The Company decides not to hedge these immaterial currency exposures considering the cost of hedging being higher than the currency exposure.

FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Date of Recognition. The Company recognizes a financial asset or a financial liability in the consolidated balance sheet when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. In the case of a regular way purchase or sale of financial assets, recognition and derecognition, as applicable, is done using trade date accounting.

Initial and Subsequent Recognition of Financial Instruments. Financial instruments are recognized initially at fair value, which is the fair value of the consideration given (in case of an asset) or received (in case of a liability). The initial measurement of financial instruments, except for those at fair value through profit or loss, includes transaction cost.

Subsequent to initial recognition, the Company classifies its financial assets in the following categories: financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments and available-for-sale financial assets. Financial liabilities are classified as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or other financial liabilities at amortized cost. The classification depends on the purpose for which the instruments were acquired or liabilities incurred and whether they are quoted in an active market. Management determines the classification at initial recognition and, where allowed and appropriate, re-evaluates this classification at every reporting date. The Company has no financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and held-to-maturity investments as of December 31, 2011 and 2010.

Determination of Fair Value. The fair value for financial instruments traded in active markets at balance sheet date is based on their quoted market price or dealer price quotations (bid price for long positions and ask price for short positions), without any deduction for transaction costs. When current bid and asking prices are not available, the price of the most recent transaction provides evidence of the current fair value as long as there has not been a significant change in economic circumstances since the time of the transaction.

For all other financial instruments not listed in an active market, the fair value is determined by using appropriate valuation techniques. Valuation techniques include net present value techniques, comparison to similar instruments for which market observable prices exist, options pricing models, and other relevant valuation models.

The Company considers a market as active if it is one in which transactions is taking place regularly on an arm's length basis. On the other hand, the Company considers a market as inactive if there is a significant decline in the volume and level of trading activity and the available prices vary significantly over time among market participants or the prices are not current.

'Day 1' Profit. Where the transaction price in a non-active market is different from the fair value of other observable current market transactions in the same instrument or based on a valuation technique whose variables include only data from observable market, the Company recognizes the difference between the transaction price and fair value (a 'Day 1' profit) in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income unless it qualifies for recognition as some other type of asset. In cases where unobservable data is used, the difference between the transaction price and model value is only recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income when the inputs become observable or when the instrument is

derecognized. For each transaction, the Company determines the appropriate method of recognizing the 'Day 1' profit amount.

Loans and Receivables. Loans and receivables are nonderivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities that are not quoted in an active market. Loans and receivables are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method less any allowance for impairment. Amortized cost is calculated taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and includes fees and costs that are an integral part of the effective interest. Gains and losses are recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income when the loans and receivables are derecognized or impaired, as well as through the amortization process. Loans and receivables are included in current assets if maturity is within 12 months from the reporting date otherwise, these are classified as noncurrent assets.

Classified as loans and receivables are the Company's cash and cash equivalents, and trade and other receivables and deposits. The carrying values and fair values of loans and receivables amounted to P 642.2 million as of September 30, 2012, and P 666.1 million as of December 31, 2011.

Available-for-sale Financial Assets. Available-for-sale financial assets are those nonderivative financial assets that are not classified as fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivable or held-to-maturity investments. These are purchased and held indefinitely, and maybe sold in response to liquidity requirements or changes in market conditions. After initial recognition, available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value with unrealized gains or losses being recognized in the "other comprehensive income" section of the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. When the investment is disposed of, the cumulative gain or loss previously recorded in other comprehensive income is recorded as part of profit or loss in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. Interest earned on the investments is reported as interest income using the effective interest method. Dividends earned on investments are recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income when the right to receive payment has been established. Available-for-sale financial assets are classified as noncurrent assets unless the intention is to dispose such assets within 12 months from balance sheet date.

The fair value of available-for-sale financial assets consisting of any investments that are actively traded in organized financial markets is determined by reference to quoted market bid prices at the close of business on the balance sheet date.

The Company classified its investment in a certain country club as available-for-sale financial asset. The carrying value and fair value of the available-for-sale financial asset, which is presented as part of "Other noncurrent assets" account in the consolidated balance sheets amounted to P 0.33 million as of September 30, 2012, and December 31, 2011.

Other Financial Liabilities. This category pertains to financial liabilities that are not held for trading or not designated as at fair value through profit or loss upon the inception of the liability. These include liabilities arising from operations and loans and borrowings.

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Gains and losses are recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through amortization process.

This category includes trade and other payables amounting to ₱ 344.0 million as of September 30, 2012, and ₱ 296.9 million as of December 31, 2011.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Set out below is a comparison by category of carrying amounts and fair values of all of the Company's financial instruments as of September 30, 2012, and December 31, 2011.

September	30, 2012	Decembe	r 31, 2011
Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
321,503,171	321,503,171	381,099,825	381,099,825
298,770,907	298,770,907	255,458,593	255,458,593
2,007,099	2,007,099	1,352,264	1,352,264
19,940,375	19,940,375	25,005,005	25,005,005
0	0	3,214,262	3,214,262
642,221,552	642,221,552	666,129,949	666,129,949
330,000	330,000	330,000	330,000
642,551,552	642,551,552	666,459,949	666,459,949
344,037,804	344,037,804	296,921,301	296,921,301
344,037,804	344,037,804	296,921,301	296,921,301
	321,503,171 298,770,907 2,007,099 19,940,375 0 642,221,552 330,000 642,551,552	321,503,171 321,503,171 298,770,907 298,770,907 2,007,099 2,007,099 19,940,375 19,940,375 0 0 642,221,552 642,221,552 330,000 330,000 642,551,552 642,551,552	Carrying Amount Fair Value Carrying Amount 321,503,171 321,503,171 381,099,825 298,770,907 298,770,907 255,458,593 2,007,099 2,007,099 1,352,264 19,940,375 25,005,005 0 0 3,214,262 642,221,552 642,221,552 666,129,949 330,000 330,000 330,000 642,551,552 642,551,552 666,459,949 344,037,804 344,037,804 296,921,301

Impairment of Financial Assets

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (an incurred "loss event") and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Objective evidence of impairment may include indications that the debtors or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization and where observable data indicate that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

Assets Carried at Amortized Cost. If there is an objective evidence that an impairment loss on loans and receivables carried at amortized cost has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset shall be reduced either directly or through the use of an allowance account. The amount of loss shall be charged to current operations. Interest income continues to be accrued on the reduced carrying amount based on the original effective interest rate of the asset. Loans and receivables together with the associated allowance are written off at each balance sheet date when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery and all collateral has been realized or has been transferred to the Company.

The Company first assesses whether an objective evidence of impairment exists individually for financial assets that are individually significant, and individually or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. If it is determined that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significantly or not, the asset is included in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and that group of financial assets is collectively assessed for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is or continues to be recognized are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed. Any subsequent reversal of an impairment loss is recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income to the extent that the carrying value of the asset does not exceed its amortized cost at the reversal date.

Available-for-Sale Financial Assets. In the case of equity investments classified as available-for-sale financial assets, objective evidence would include a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the investment below its cost. When a decline in the fair value of an available-for-sale financial asset has been recognized in the other comprehensive income account and there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired, the cumulative loss that had been recognized in other comprehensive income account is reclassified to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment even though the financial asset has not been derecognized. The amount of the cumulative loss that is reclassified from other comprehensive income to profit or loss is the difference between the acquisition cost (net of any principal repayment and amortization) and current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognized in profit or loss. Impairment losses recognized in profit or loss for an investment in an equity instrument are not reversed in profit or loss. Subsequent increases in the fair value after impairment are recognized directly in other comprehensive income account.

Derecognition of Financial Assets and Liabilities

Financial Assets. A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognized where:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired;
- the Company retains the right to receive cash flows from the asset, but has assumed an obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; or
- the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset and either (a) has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

Where the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognized to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement in the asset. Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to repay.

Financial Liabilities. A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or has expired. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the consolidated statement of income.

Offsetting Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated balance sheet if, and only if, there is currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. This is generally not the case with master netting agreements, and the related assets and liabilities are presented at gross amounts in the consolidated balance sheet.

OTHER MATTERS

A) Key Performance Indicators

The Company's Consolidated top five (5) key performance indicators are shown below with their relevant results for September 30, 2012 and September 30, 2011.

	% Increase (Decrease)	September, 2012 (Unaudited)	September, 2011 (Unaudited)
REVENUES (P000)	4%	1,393,142	1,341,536
GROSS INCOME (P000)	(9%)	224,734	246,455
NET INCOME(LOSS) (₱000)	(85%)	12,907	84,437
PROFIT(LOSS) PER SHARE (P)	(85%)	0.031	. 0.205
CURRENT RATIO	5%	2.53	2.40

1) Revenue Growth

Measures the percentage change in revenue over a period of time. It is regularly monitored on a per product and per client basis.

- 2) Gross Profit
 - Measures the pricing strategy of the Company. Computed as Revenue less Cost of Goods Sold
- Measures the profitability of the company.

4) Basic Earnings Per Share

Measures how much a stockholder earns in the Net Income of the Company. Basic Earnings per share is calculated by dividing Net Income by the weighted number of common shares issued and outstanding during a particular period of time.

5) Current Ratio

Indicates the Company's ability to meet short-term debt obligations; the higher the ratio, the more liquid the company is.

- B) The effects of seasonality and cyclicality on the interim operations of the Company's businesses are not material.
- C) There are no unusual items as to nature and amount affecting assets, liabilities, equity, net income, or cash flows.
- D) There are no material changes in estimates of amounts reported in prior interim periods of the current financial year or changes in estimates in amounts reported in prior financial years.
- E) There are no issuances, repurchases, and repayments of debt and equity securities.
- F) There are no dividends paid (aggregate or per share) separately for ordinary shares and other shares.
- **G)** There are no material events subsequent to the end of the interim period that have not been reflected in the financial statements for the interim period.
- H) There are no changes in the composition of the Company during the interim period, including business combinations, acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries and long-term investments, restructurings, and discontinuing operations.
- I) There are no known events that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the Company, including any default or acceleration of an obligation.
- J) There are no known trends, events or uncertainties that have had or will have a material effect on the Company's liquidity.

- K) The Company's material commitments for capital expenditures consist of lease of fixed assets needed for the normal operations of the business.
- L) There are no known trends, events or uncertainties that have had or that are reasonably expected to have a material favorable or unfavorable impact on net sales or revenues or income from continuing operations.
- M) There are no material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relationship of the Company with unconsolidated entities or other persons created during the reporting period, except for those stated in the Managements Discussion and Analysis of Financial Conditions and Results of Operations.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Disclosure not made under SEC Form 17-C.
 None.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the issuer has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Signature and Title

Principal Financial Officer

Signature and Title

Principal Financial Officer

Signature and Title

Chief Financial Officer

Date

Manchester International Holdings Unlimited Corp.

(formerly Interphil Laboratories, Inc.)

Francisco R. Billano, President & General Manager

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MANCHESTER INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS UNLIMITED CORP (formerly INTERPHIL LABORATORIES, INC.)

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 and DECEMBER 31, 2011 (in '000s Pesos)

	SEPTEMBER 2012 UNAUDITED	DECEMBER 2011 AUDITED
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash and Cash equivalents	321,503	381,100
Trade and other receivables-net	320,718	281,816
Inventories - net	287,387	190,440
Advances to suppliers and other current assets	57,128	32,883
Total Current Assets	986,737	886,239
Noncurrent Assets		
Property, plant and equipment at cost-net	381,536	418,459
Land at revalued amount	112,195	112,195
Retirement benefit asset	4,535	4,535
Other Noncurrent assets	33,871	15,027
Total Noncurrent Assets	532,137	550,215
	1,518,873	1,436,454
Current Liabilities Trade and other payables Output tax Total Current Liabilities	368,997 21,355 390,352	306,331 21,818 328,149
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Deferred income tax	9,610	9,610
Long-term sick leave benefit liability	42,281	34,971
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	51,891	44,582
Stockholders' Equity		
Capital Stock	562,500	562,500
Additional Paid In Capital	51,629	51,629
Revaluation increment in land	60,617	60,617
Retained earnings	690,399	677,492
Cost of treasury shares	(288,514)	(288,514)
Total Stockholders' Equity	1,076,631	1,063,724
	1,518,873	1,436,454

MANCHESTER INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS UNLIMITED CORP (formerly INTERPHIL LABORATORIES, INC.) CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 and 2011 (in '000s Pesos)

	2012 UNAUDITED	2011 unaudited
REVENUES	1,393,142	1,341,536
COST OF SALES AND SERVICES	1,168,408	1,095,080
GROSS PROFIT	224,734	246,455
Operating Expenses	132,498	118,357
Interest income	(3,839)	(3,654)
FX (gain)/loss	12,878	3,211
Other expenses	64,657	7,875
NET INCOME (LOSS)	18,540	120,666
Provision for Income Tax	5,633	36,229
NET INCOME (LOSS) AFTER TAX	12,907	84,437
Basic Earnings per share(P)*	0.031	0.205

^{*} Net Income over the weighted number or shares outstanding

MANCHESTER INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS UNLIMITED CORP

(formerly INTERPHIL LABORATORIES, INC.)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 and 2011 (in Pesos 000s)

_	Clarital Stock		Additional	Revaluation	Retained	Treasury	
-	Class A	Class B	Paid in Capital	Increment in Land	Earnings	Shares	Total
Balance as of December 31, 2011 AUDITED	337,500	225,000	51,629	60,617	677,492	(288,514)	1,063,724
Net income					12,907		12,907
Balance as of September 30, 2012	337,500	225,000	51,629	60,617	690,399	(288,514)	1,076,631
Balance as of December 31, 2010 AUDITED	337,500	225,000	51,629	60,617	587,940	(288,514)	974,173
Net income					84,437		84,437
Balance as of September 30, 2011	337,500	225,000	51,629	60,617	672,378	(288,514)	1,058,610

MANCHESTER INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS UNLIMITED CORP (formerly INTERPHIL LABORATORIES, INC.)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 and 2011

(in '000s Pesos)

	2012 UNAUDITED	2011 UNAUDITED	
REVENUES	509,918	480,264	
COST OF SALES AND SERVICES	409,980	388,026	
GROSS PROFIT	99,939	92,239	
Operating Expenses Interest income	43,313 (1,080)	41,669 (1,568)	
FX (gain)/loss Other expenses	3,455 34,236	(871) 3,640	
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX	20,015	49,369	
PROVISION FOR (BENEFIT FROM) INCOME TAX	5,633	14,776	
NET INCOME (LOSS)	14,382	34,593	
RETAINED EARNINGS AT BEGINNING OF THE QUARTER	676,017	637,784	
RETAINED EARNINGS AT END OF THE QUARTER	690,399	672,378	
Basic Earnings per share(P)*	0.035	0.084	

^{*} Net Income over the weighted number of shares outstanding

MANCHESTER INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS UNLIMITED CORP (formerly INTERPHIL LABORATORIES, INC.) CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 and 2011 (in '000s Pesos)

	2012 UNAUDITED	2011 UNAUDITED
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income (Loss)	12,907	84,437
Adjustments for	12,507	04,437
Depreciation and amortization	12,738	45,478
Provision for retirement and long-term sick leave benefits	7,309	1,881
Operating income before working capital changes	32,955	131,796
Changes in assets and liabilities:	,	101,770
Decrease (Increase) in:		
Trade and other receivables	(38,903)	(37,025)
Inventories	(96,946)	(110,487)
Advances to suppliers and other current assets	(24,245)	(21,626)
Increase (decrease) in:	` , ,	, , ,
Trade and other payables	62,666	43,767
Output tax	(463)	(8,753)
Cash generated from operations	(64,937)	(2,328)
Income tax paid	(0)	16,613
Net cash provided by operating activities	(64,937)	14,285
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Acquisitions/disposals of property and equipment	24,184	(15,299)
Decrease (Increase)	,	(,,
Deposits	(18,844)	(11,431)
Cash used in investing activities	5,340	(26,731)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds (payments) of:		
Notes payable	0	0
Income tax payable	0	0
Obligations under finance lease	(0)	0
Net cash used in financing activities	(0)	0
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	(59,597)	(12,445)
CASH AT BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD- Jan 1	381,100	342,031
CASH AT END OF THE PERIOD-September 30	321,503	329,586
CASTAL BAS OF THE CONTROL SEPTEMBER OF		,

MANCHESTER INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS UNLIMITED CORP (formerly INTERPHIL LABORATORIES, INC.)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012, and 2011 (in '000s Pesos)

	2012 UNAUDITED	2011 UNAUDITED	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net income (Loss)	44,695	34,593	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash			
provided by operating activities			
Depreciation and amortization	(2,461)	15,152	
Retirement and long-term sick leave benefits	8,717	(327)	
Operating income before working capital changes	50,951	49,418	
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Decrease (Increase) in:			
Trade and Other Receivables	(46,111)	43,455	
Inventories	(939)	(13,930)	
Advances to suppliers and other current assets	(1,485)	(9,735)	
Increase (decrease) in:			
Trade and Other Payables	(37,503)	24,543	
Output tax	13,924	(1,548)	
Income tax paid	(0)	7,390	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(21,166)	99,593	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Acquisitions/disposals of property and equipment	36,653	(3,478)	
Decrease (Increase) in Deposits			
Deposits	(10,497)	(5,654)	
Cash provided by (used in) used in investing activities	26,156	(9,132)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Availments (Payments) of:		•	
Notes payable	0	0	
Obligations under finance lease	(0)	0	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	0	0	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	4,990	90,461	
CASH AT BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD	316,512	239,125	
CASH AT END OF THE PERIOD	321,503	329,586	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

1. General

Manchester International Holdings Unlimited Corp (formerly Interphil Laboratories, Inc.), (the "Company") is incorporated in the Philippines and registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). The registered office address of the Company is Canlubang Industrial Estate, Bo. Pittland, Cabuyao, Laguna. The Company is a holding company with two wholly owned subsidiaries.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

General

The accompanying unaudited financial statements for the quarter ended September 30, 2012 have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the Philippines.

Basis of Preparation

The accompanying unaudited financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for land which is carried at revalued amounts.

The principal accounting policies adopted in preparing the interim unaudited financial statements of the Company for the quarter ended September 30, 2012 are the same as compared with the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2011.

Earnings Per Share (EPS)

	September 2012	September 2011
a) Net income available to common stockholders	12,907	84,437
Common shares outstanding at beginning of year	412,065	412,065
Weighted average number of common shares acquired		
during the year		
b) Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	412,065	412,065
Earnings per share	0.031	0.205
	202 3000 301 301 300 315 \$10, 70 1200	

MANCHESTER INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS UNLIMITED CORP

(formerly INTERPHIL LABORATORIES, INC.) SCHEDULE OF AGING OF ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

(in '000s Pesos)

	TOTAL	1 Month	2-3 Mos	4-6 Mos
Trade Receivables				
1) Third party	302,829	226,992	68,096	7,741
2) Affiliates	(1,080)	298	(1,319)	(59)
	301,749	227,290	66,777	7,682
Non-Trade Receivables				
1) Affiliates	8,759	7,173	113	1,474
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(2,978)			
Others Receivables	13,188			
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE - Net	320,718			

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE DESCRIPTION

Type

Nature/Description

Collection Period

Trade
 Non-Trade

Sale of Services (Toll + Assay) and Materials

Various

30 days after invoice date 30 days after invoice date

NORMAL OPERATING CYCLE